

# State Awards Are a Symbol of Our National Pride

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**Annotation:** *Almos tall countries of the world, after gaining their independence, will never forget to create a system of high rewards of the state, along with the adoption of the flag, coat of arms and anthem, which are the symbols of the state. Awarding citizens with orders and medals of the country for high services to the motherland and the people is a necessary political event, which has become a tradition for centuries.*

**Keywords:** Uzbekistan, Islam Karimov, medal, UNESCO, USA

## I. INTRODUCTION

In the first years of independence, after the adoption of the symbols of our state, a system of national awards was established. In accordance with the Law "On State Awards" adopted on December 22, 1995, the order "Healthy Generation" (May 7, 1993), the title "Hero of Uzbekistan" and "Gold Medal of the Star" (May 5, 1994), Order of Independence (May 5, 1994), Order of Merit (August 29, 1996), Order of Honor of the Nation (May 28, 1998) - August. On August 29, 1996, a law was passed to amend the law. The adoption of the Law "On the establishment of honorary titles of the Republic of Uzbekistan" on April 26 this year became the basis for the full formation of the system of state awards of the country. On the basis of these laws, every year our compatriots are awarded state awards.

The following words of the first President of the Republic of Uzbekistan I A Karimov show the importance of state awards: "The establishment of state awards, orders and medals, honorary titles is of great moral and educational significance. The pioneers of independence, the citizens who showed courage in the cause of the motherland, received these awards. "Patriotism is the main reason for unity, lasting peace, stability and interethnic harmony in Uzbekistan."

## II. METHODOLOGY

During his quarter-century presidency, the first President of Uzbekistan Islam Karimov was awarded 28 orders, medals, honorary degrees and titles of various countries and organizations. Among them was the presentation of the gold medal named after the great scholar Abu Ali ibn Sina to our first president, an important historical event for our people.

In 1980, on the occasion of the 1000 th anniversary of the birth of the great physician Abu Ali ibn Sina, the international organization - UNESCO - established the Medal of Honor. The center of the obverse of the medal depicts Ibn Sina, surrounded by his disciples, and below it is the inscription Avicenna- Ibn Sina and UNESCO, and the numbers 980-1037, 1980. The surrounding trees, domes and towers reflect the life of that period. In general, it describes the circumstances in which our grandfather gave a scientific speech. On the reverse side, there is an excerpt from his work, under the words: "Help the health of the body and the survival of mankind," with the name of Ibn Sina signed in Arabic and Latin. The Arabic text of the passage is in the center, while the Latin text is in rotation. The image of a tree and a man is a sign of the uniqueness of our ancestral heritage.

## III. RESULTS

At the final meeting of the 155th session of the UNESCO Executive Board held in Tashkent on November 6, 1998, UNESCO Director-General Federico Mayor presented President Islam Karimov with the Ibn Sino Gold Medal. After receiving the award, the First President expressed his joy in the following words: "First of all, allow me to express my deep gratitude to UNESCO for awarding me with the highest award of UNESCO - the International Abu Ali Ibn Sino Gold Medal. It makes a lot of sense for me that this medal is named after my great compatriot, who, thousands of years later, is still revered by all the enlightened people of the East and the West. I am very proud to be the holder of the medal named after the great encyclopedic scientist who left a priceless legacy to mankind in many fields of science and thought. This high award is, first of all, a recognition of the contribution and service of our multi-million people to the development of universal civilization, preservation of historical, cultural and spiritual heritage, spiritual and moral development of society in our country, healthy and perfect generation. In short, our efforts to bring our people to the path of enlightenment, our respect for the ideas of humanism, our faith are a worthy assessment.

#### IV. DISCUSSIONS

The Taliban, one of the first political leaders of our first president to become a hotbed of international terrorism, called for vigilance in Afghanistan. As a result of the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks in New York, the U.S.-led allies began a serious effort to eliminate the Taliban. The awarding of the President with the International Leader Award on March 13, 2002 in New York has gone down in history as an important political event for our republic.

"I consider this award as a worthy recognition of the contribution of the entire Uzbek people to the fight against international terrorism, protection of universal values, peace, stability and security in the world," the President said. The International Leader Award is presented annually by the US National Jewish Center to individuals who have shown resilience in the fight against international terrorism.

It should be noted that from the first years of our independence, special attention has been paid to the education of the younger generation at the level of state policy. Our esteemed first president I.A. Many reforms implemented by Karimov have created favorable conditions for young people in our country to grow up as a harmoniously developed generation and take their place in society. Our state awards, which serve to encourage the achievements of young people in these processes, have become a symbol of our national pride during the years of independence.

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