

# Study of Metallurgical Analysis of the Process of Recovery of Chalcopyrite with Minerals and Metals

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**Abstract**— It is not known how the name of the mineral came to be. It is believed to be related to the name of a place called Magnesia (in Macedonia) or to the name of the shepherd Magnes. Synonym: magnetic ironstone. Singoniya kubik. The color is black as iron. The line is black. Its luster is like metal. Hardness - 5.5-6 Specific gravity 4.9 - 5.2 Strength - brittle Connection plane - no. Origin, association, deposits, practical significance. In igneous rocks it is in the form of sparse grains. Magnetite is found in small amounts in many pegmatite veins. Contact is more common in metasomatic and hydrothermal conditions. The formation of magnetite under exogenous conditions can occur only under specific conditions. The main component of the black sands that can be washed from the golden sands is magnetite. Aluminothermy, alumo-thermal (aluminum and Greek therme - heat) - a method of obtaining metals and alloys by returning metal oxides with aluminum; When a powder mixture of a metal oxide and a metallic aluminum is heated to a high temperature, a heat of up to 3000 °C is released, and the iron is easily recovered from its oxide due to the excess heat released. If a wire is stretched by mixing aluminum and iron oxides ( $FeO + Fe_2O_3$ ), the course of a very intense exothermic reaction has been studied several times in practice. This process is widely used in the welding of train rails:  $8Al + 3Fe_3O_4 = 4Al_2O_3 + 9Fe + 3300 \text{ kJ}$ . As a result of the reaction, the mixture is heated to 3500 °C. Therefore, recovery processes with aluminum are autogenous processes.

**Keywords**— metallurgy, man-made waste, aluminum, acid, processing, magnetite, ironstone, thermodynamic changes.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Magnetite Fe,  $Fe_3O_4$

It is not known how the name of the mineral came to be. It is believed to be related to the name of a place called Magnesia (in Macedonia) or to the name of the shepherd Magnes. Synonym: magnetic ironstone.

Singoniya kubik.

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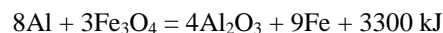
Hardness - 5.5-6

Specific gravity 4.9 - 5.2

Strength - brittle Connection plane - no.

Origin, association, deposits, practical significance. In igneous rocks it is in the form of sparse grains. Magnetite is found in small amounts in many pegmatite veins. Contact is more common in metasomatic and hydrothermal conditions. The formation of magnetite under exogenous conditions can occur only under specific conditions. The main component of the black sands that can be washed from the golden sands is magnetite. Martinization of magnetite only in certain places is also found in metamorphic deposits, which are not associated with exogenous processes. Magnetite occurs in association with sulfides (pyrrhotite, pyrite, chalcopyrite), biotite, sphene, apatite and other minerals. Deposits Temirkon (Uzbekistan), Magnitnaya gora Kusinsk (Russia). Doshkesan (Azerbaijan), Krivoy Rog (Ukraine), Kirunavaara and Lyuossovaara (Sweden). Magnetite ores, often containing about 60% Fe, are important raw materials for cast iron and steel.

Aluminothermy, alumo-thermal (aluminum and Greek therme - heat) - a method of obtaining metals and alloys by returning metal oxides with aluminum; When a powder mixture of a metal oxide and a metallic aluminum is heated to a high temperature, a heat of up to 3000 °C is released, and the iron is easily recovered from its oxide due to the excess heat released. This method was discovered in 1859 by the Russian chemistry N. N. Beketov (1827–1911). Manganese, chromium, vanadium, tungsten and various alloys are obtained by aluminothermy method. A mixture of 8 moles of aluminum and 3 moles of magnetite ( $Fe_3O_4$ ) is called termite, which is sometimes used to weld metals. If a wire is stretched by mixing aluminum and iron oxides ( $FeO + Fe_2O_3$ ), the course of a very intense exothermic reaction has been studied several times in practice. This process is widely used in the welding of train rails [1-10]:

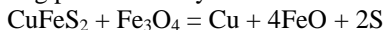


As a result of the reaction, the mixture is heated to 3500°C. Therefore, recovery processes with aluminum are autogenous processes.

Metallic aluminum can also be used in the separation of non-ferrous metals. However, due to the high cost of aluminum, many metal oxides may not be economically viable. This situation requires metallurgists to look for cheap and secondary sources of aluminum. The results of chemical and mineralogical analysis of man-made wastes of aluminum showed that the slags formed in the secondary aluminum metallurgy contain powdered metallic aluminum.

## 2. STUDY THE POSSIBILITIES OF THE PROCESS OF OXYGENATION OF CHALCOPYRITE WITH MAGNETITE

In the process of studying the chemical properties of magnetite, its ability to oxidize and regenerate chalcopyrite made it possible to obtain pure metal. Several studies have been conducted to study the possibility of the recovery of chalcopyrite with magnetite. The chemical reaction equation for the process taking place in the system:



The thermodynamic values of the starting materials are given in Table 1.

**Table 1**  
Appropriate thermodynamic quantities of substances (298 K)

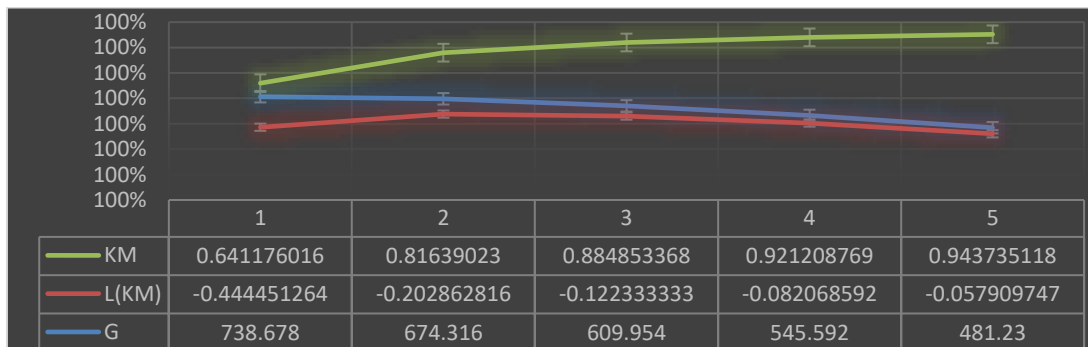
Substance	CuFeS <sub>2</sub>	Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Cu	FeO	S
ΔH (kJ/mol)	-188.3	-1117.13	0	-265	278.81
ΔG (kJ/mol)	-194.1	-1014.17	0	-244	238.31
ΔS(J/(mol*K))	143.8	146.19	33.1	60.8	167.75

$$\Delta H_{Reaction}^{298} = 803.05 \text{ kJ} \quad \Delta G_{Reaction}^{298} = 708.89 \text{ kJ} \quad \Delta S_{Reaction}^{298} = 0.32181 \text{ kJ}$$

From the results under standard conditions, it can be seen that the enthalpy value of the reaction is positive (endothermic), ie heat is absorbed as a result of the reaction. The value of the free energy of the reaction is also positive, which requires that the substances give the appropriate activation energy for the chemical reaction to take place. The values of the equilibrium constant from the Gibbs energy values are shown in Table 2 and in the diagram, along with how the increase in temperature affects the reaction rate after the substances have started to interact in the system [11-20]:

**Table 2**

H	S	T	R	G	L(KM)	KM
803,04	0,32181	200	8,31	738,678	-0,44445	0,641176
803,04	0,32181	400	8,31	674,316	-0,20286	0,81639
803,04	0,32181	600	8,31	609,954	-0,12233	0,884853
803,04	0,32181	800	8,31	545,592	-0,08207	0,921209
803,04	0,32181	1000	8,31	481,23	-0,05791	0,943735

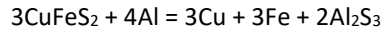


When the thermodynamic possibilities of the oxidation of chalcopyrite with magnetite were studied, it was found that at 707°C (1000 K) the equilibrium in the chemical reaction shifted to the right, that is, to the product formation side.

In this case, the thermal processing of the raw material with magnetite prevents the contamination of the product with harmful (unnecessary) elements, as well as restores the copper metal in its pure form without additives.

## 3. STUDY OF THE THERMODYNAMICS OF THE PROCESS OF PURE PETROLEATION OF PURE PETROLEUM WITH ALUMINOTERMITY

In the secondary metallurgical plants of aluminum production, the following compounds are found in the composition of salt slag from liquefaction furnaces: KCl - 22%; NaCl - 13%; Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> - 34%; SiO<sub>2</sub> - 3.5%; CaO - 1.9%; MgO - 4.8%, Zn - 0.6%, CuO - 0.4%; metallic aluminum - 11%; Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> - around 2.6%. From these slags, metallic aluminum is extracted by dry grinding or by dissolving its salts in water, which is then used as a reducing agent. For example, chalcopyrite is recovered by aluminumotherm to obtain pure metallic copper and iron[21-25]:



The thermodynamic possibilities of this chemical process have been studied. The thermodynamic quantities of the corresponding substances in the system are shown in Table 1.

**Table-3**  
**Some thermodynamic values of the reactants**

Substance, (298 K)	CuFeS <sub>2</sub>	Al	Cu	Fe	Al <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>
$\Delta H$ (kJ/mol)	-188.3	0	0	-	-724
$\Delta G$ (kJ/mol)	-194.1	0	0	-	0
$\Delta S$ (J/(mol*K))	143.8	28.34	33.1	27.15	0

According to Hess's law, the enthalpy and entropy values of a chemical reaction are calculated for standard conditions. The value of the free energy of the reaction is also positive, which requires that the substances give the appropriate activation energy for the chemical reaction to take place. The Gibbs energy values were calculated, and the values of change at this temperature at several temperatures are given in Table 2 and shown in the diagram[26-34]:

**Table-4**

H	S	T	R	G	L(KM)	KM
-883,1	-0,364	400	8,31	-737,5	0,221871	1,248411
-883,1	-0,364	600	8,31	-664,7	0,133313	1,142608
-883,1	-0,364	800	8,31	-591,9	0,089034	1,093118
-883,1	-0,364	1000	8,31	-519,1	0,062467	1,064459



From the values in Table 2, it can be seen that energy is released (i.e., exothermically) in a chemical reaction, and that the Gibbs energy value increases with increasing temperature. But the value of the equilibrium constant leads to a decrease. Because the reaction is exothermic, a decrease in temperature leads to an increase in the rate of the chemical reaction according to Le Chatelier's principle.

The process of magnetic separation is used to separate the components of the process. In this case, pure copper and iron metals are obtained. No harmful (unnecessary) elements are released during the process in the system and do not harm the environment [35-50].

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