Toward Parents and School Partnership: An Evaluation of the EAC-Manila High School Parents' General Orientation Program

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Abstract: This study aims to evaluate the Parents' General Orientation Program of the Emilio Aguinaldo College-Manila, High School Department for the A.Y. 2022-2023. The parents were invited to an in-person General Orientation Program and were given a walkthrough of the school processes. Parents of Junior and Senior High School students who attended the event were surveyed to give feedback through Google form. Of the 1,028 expected attendees, 439 attended the program, and 190 parents answered the survey form. The quantitative part of the survey focused on the purpose, execution, and setting of the program. The second part addressed the parents' concerns and questions about their children's schooling. Majority of the parents' concerns were on the granting of the voucher program, conduct of face-to-face classes, books and uniforms, documentary requirements, and other related issues about the curriculum, payment procedures, student discipline, and the like. The result of this study would be the basis for the future conduct of similar events. This would also aid in the delivery and improvement of services, instruction, and quality of education in the department.

Keywords—parents; parents' orientation program; Junior and Senior High School; parents and school partnership

1. Introduction

Parents are important factors in the success of their children's education. The support and influence they provide contribute to the student's performance in school. Attending parents' orientation program is one way to monitor and keep abreast on their children's status in school. According to With (2006), generally, all aspects of the parent orientation program are found to be positive. Parents found value in the orientation program and how it prepared them to support their children.

Research has shown that parental involvement and engagement in their children's education are positively correlated with their children's academic and overall performance. As stated by Sheldon (2009), the importance of having parents and family members support students' efforts in school is well-known and well-documented. Research shows a positive connection between parental involvement and student achievement. Furthermore, when schools and teachers work to involve parents, studies show that they can increase student achievement.

Studies also indicate that parental involvement is most effective when viewed as a partnership between educators and parents (Emeagwali, 2009; Epstein, 2009). In addition, Durisic and Bunijevak (2017) noted that by examining parents' and teachers' perceptions, educators and parents should have a better understanding of effective parental involvement practices in promoting student achievement.

Bronfenbrenner (1974), in his theory, highlighted that if the child's parents and teachers get along and have a good relationship, this should have positive effects on the child's development. The interactions between the child's parents and teachers, or between school peers and siblings or if a child's parents communicate with the child's teachers, this interaction may influence the child's development (Guy-Evans, 2020).

Since it is of foremost importance that the parents be ensured of the educational setup offered by the school, the Emilio Aguinaldo College- High School Department conducted a General Parents' Orientation Program on September 22, 2022. It aimed at providing information on the curriculum, policies, services, and programs of the department. It is the hope of the program to build a strong and positive relationship with the students, parents, and other stakeholders.

To assess the success of the program and to get an overview of the parents' general impression, an evaluation was conducted afterward. Part 1 of the evaluation form focused on the purpose, execution, and setting of the program. Part 2 of the form allowed the parents to ask questions on matters about their children's education.

Though most of the schools are handling General Parents' Orientation programs, there have not been many articles published on this topic. This study would fill the gap in the literature on the conduct of parents' orientation programs. The feedback from the evaluation would serve as a basis for the school's improvement plans and therefore improve the quality of the teaching and learning process.

2. METHODOLOGY

Anchored on Bronfenbrenner's Bioecological Systems Theory (1974), this study aimed at evaluating the General Parents' Orientation Program. It is hoped that the result of this study would aid in addressing the concerns of parents concerning their children's education, thus, improving instruction and services. The study would also lead toward positive and strong parent and school partnership.

The parents were presented with: a. School's Vision and Mission; b. EAC Background; c. Faculty Roster; d. HS Administration; e. EAC Manila Administration; f. Academic Offerings; g. Facilities h. An EAC Online Learner (Document Requirements); i. Sample JHS/SHS Class Schedules; j. Brightspace Learning Management System and Google Workspace; k. JHS/SHS Grading System; l. Awards and Recognition; m. Students' Attendance; Conduct of Parent Conference; n. Support System; o. Calendar of Activities; p. SHS Voucher Program; q. JHS Educational Service Contracting (ESC); r. SHS Subject Exemption.

Toward the end, the parents were requested to answer the evaluation sheet through Google Forms. Of the 1,028 expected participants, 439 (43%) were the total parent attendees. Today's parents are often preoccupied with the distractions and demands of daily life. Burdened by low income, inflexible work hours, and language barriers, some parents are unable to attend school activities or participate in the schooling of their children regularly (Ho, 2009).

A total of 190 parents answered and submitted the evaluation form. The survey questionnaire consists of two parts. Part 1 is a Likert type of test consisting of three (3) subscales. The (a) Purpose contains five (5) dimensions, the (b) Execution includes 11 dimensions and the (c) Setting has six (6) items. It is based on the existing evaluation tool available in the department.

Part 2 of the instrument is a qualitative survey where parents could ask questions for clarification. The Most Frequently Asked Questions were clustered and themes were created. The five (5) themes that emerged in the clustering of statements are a) ESC Grant and SHS Voucher; b) Face-to-Face Classes; c) Books and Uniforms; d) Documentary Requirements; and e) Other Concerns.

The qualitative part provided the department with important information to come up with lists of issues and needs as the basis for future topics for discussion. It also presented data on issues that need immediate attention.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

After consolidating the data gathered through the evaluation form that was distributed among the parent-respondents via Google Forms, the results are as follows. In the effort of deriving meanings from the gathered data, the following legends were observed:

Grading Scale	Interpretations
3.51 - 4.00	Excellent
2.51 - 3.50	Very Satisfactory
1.51 - 2.50	Satisfactory
0.51 - 1.50	Fair
0.00 - 0.50	Poor

Purpose

Table 1: Evaluation of the Purpose of the HS Parents' General Orientation Program

	Indicators	Mean	Interpretation
1.	Properly addresses the	3.91	Excellent
	needs of the audience.		
2.	Develops the	3.88	Excellent
	intellectual, physical,		
	moral, cultural, social, or		
	emotional well-being of		
	the audience.		
3.	Challenges the audience	3.77	Excellent
	to further research/ask		
	thought-provoking		
	questions.		
4.	Provides the audience	3.95	Excellent
	with appropriate and		
	relevant information.		
5.	Exemplifies the values	3.97	Excellent
	of virtue, excellence, and		
	service.		
	Overall Mean	3.90	Excellent

Based on Table 1, the parent-respondents evaluated the orientation program's purpose as excellent as seen in the overall mean of 3.90, giving the highest rating on the following indicator: (5) Exemplifies the values of virtue, excellence, and service, with a mean score of 3.97. However, the following indicator: Challenging the audience to further research/ask thought-provoking questions, was recorded to have the lowest mean score.

Execution

Table 2: Evaluation of the Execution of the HS Parents' General Orientation Program

	Indicators	Mean	Interpretation
1.	Attains the objective of	3.77	Excellent
	the event through		
	efficient utilization of		
	time.		
2.	Manages a systematic	3.86	Excellent
	and well-organized event		
3.	Stimulates positive	3.82	Excellent
	interaction and		
	encourages maximum		
	participation.		

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4.	Handles the event effectively.	3.90	Excellent
5.	Maintains peace and	3.92	Excellent
	orderliness of the event.		
6.	Follows a clear sequence	3.91	Excellent
	that provides meaningful		
	experiences.		
7.	Starts promptly and on-	3.66	Excellent
	time.		
8.	Ends in the right time	3.79	Excellent
	(Was not too long or too		
	short).		
9.	Deals with the audience	3.89	Excellent
	with courtesy and		
	fairness.		
10.	Enables the audience to	3.92	Excellent
	understand and		
	comprehend the contents		
	and objectives of the		
	event.		
11.	Provides answers to the	3.87	Excellent
	concerns and sentiments		
	of the audience.		
	Overall Mean	3.84	Excellent

It could be seen from Table 2 that the parent-respondents regarded the program's execution as excellent, having an overall mean of 3.84. The following indicators: (5) Maintains peace and orderliness of the event; and (10) Enables the audience to understand and comprehend the contents and objectives of the event, both recorded as having the highest mean score of 3.92. However, the dimension, (7) Starts promptly and on time, got the lowest mean score of 3.66.

Setting

Table 3: Evaluation of the Setting of the HS General Parents' Orientation Program

	Indicators	Mean	Interpretation
1.	Setting is appropriate for	3.86	Excellent
	the event.		
2.	Sets up clean and orderly	3.92	Excellent
	physical environment.		
3.	Stimulates positive	3.87	Excellent
	interaction and		
	encourages maximum		
	participation.		
4.	Provides a well-lit and	3.93	Excellent
	well-ventilated setting.		
5.	Provides an entertaining	3.87	Excellent
	and appropriate		
	atmosphere for the event.		
6.	Provides visible	3.88	Excellent
	directions or instructions		
	going to the venue.		
	Overall Mean	3.89	Excellent

Table 3 shows that the venue being well-lit and well-ventilated has the highest mean score of 3.93 followed by providing an entertaining and appropriate atmosphere which has a mean score of 3.87. Urlaub et al (2016) mentioned that sufficient indoor air quality and an adequate amount of daylight support learning progress; on the other hand, insufficient physical conditions promote distraction and absence. A higher ventilation rate promotes a higher working speed while errors seem to be unaffected. Moreso, daylight in a classroom appears to increase pupils' learning progress.

Frequently Asked Questions

The parent attendees were allowed to ask questions for issues needing clarification. Most of the inquiries were on the ESC Grant and SHS Voucher programs; issues on face-to-face classes; books and uniforms; documentary requirements and other related issues about the curriculum, payment procedures, student discipline, and the like. The questions were clustered and answers were provided also online. The table below shows the summary of the parents' frequently asked questions.

Table 4: Frequently Asked Questions during the HS Parents' General Orientation Program

	ESC Grant & SHS Voucher
1.	Do qualified ESC grantees and voucher recipients still
	need to submit requirements?
2.	Can we still apply for SHS voucher in Grade 11 even if
	our ESC grant in Grade 10 was forfeited?

3. When will the discount from the ESC grant and SHS voucher reflect on our account?

4. Can we still apply for SHS voucher?

Face-to-Face Classes

- 5. Will there be cases that students must go to school for in-person classes?
- 6. When will EAC-High School implement face-to-face classes?

Books & Uniforms

- 7. When will the school have enough uniforms for clients' purchase?
- 8. Can we purchase the books in partial?

Documentary Requirements

- 9. Will the Registrar of EAC-High School be the one to request from the students' previous school the Form 137?
- 10. Where can we get a Request Form for Form 137?

Other Concerns

- 11. Is it still possible to transfer to another strand?
- 12. Is EAC-High School lenient in terms of payment of tuition fee?
- 13. Is it possible for the subject teachers to record their virtual classes for review of students?
- 14. Do you have an official account for online banking or GCash account?

- 15. Will you send a copy of the material (PowerPoint presentation) that you presented during the Parents' General Orientation?
- 16. Is it possible for parents to initiate a parent's conference?

Based on the clustered queries of the parents, it could be theorized that the major concerns of the parents are focused on the granting of the voucher program. Through the expanded Republic Act 8545 or the Government Assistance to Students and Teachers in Private Education (GASTPE) also known as the Voucher Program, the government found a solution to the need for additional support to students.

The questions and concerns raised were addressed through the messaging system which were disseminated through the school's official social media account.

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

To ensure a more meaningful delivery of the program in the future, the following suggestions are drawn. It is recommended that future studies to determine parents' perceptions on the effectiveness of the parent orientation program and the impact the orientation has on them be conducted. In addition, other school administrators and officials may be invited to welcome the parents and share insights on EAC's Philosophy, Mission, Vision, and Objectives for the next Parents' General Orientation Programs. Since parental involvement provides an important opportunity for schools to enrich current school programs by bringing parents into the educational process, classroom orientation programs for parents may also be conducted.

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